

THE PROTESTATION OF THE NOBLEMEN.

BARRONS, GENTLEMEN, BOR-ROWES, MINISTERS, AND COMMONS,

Subscribers of the Confession of Faith and Covenant, lately renewed within the Kingdome of Scotland, made at the Mercate Crosse of Edinburgh, the 4. of Iulij immediatly after the reading of the Proclamation, dated 28. Iune. 1638.



Printed in the yeare of God, 1638.

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THE PROTESTATION

of the Noblemen, Barons, Gentlemen, Borrowes, Ministers and Commons. &c.

EE Noblemen, Barons, Gentlemen, Burgesses, Ministers, and Commons, That whereas Weethe Kings Majesties true and loyall Subjects, Who have ever esteemed it Our greatest happinesse, to live under a religious and righteous King, and Our greatest glory to testifie our best affections to Our gratious Soveraigne, Have beene in His Majesties absence from this His native Kingdome heavily pressed for a long time past, And especially of late with diverse innovations, which both in themselves, and in the way wherein they have beene urged doe manifestly tend to the prejudice of the Kings honour, and of our religion, lawes and liberties, And by which wee were brought to fuch extremitie, that there was no way left betwixt the rock of excommunication, and the high paine of rebellion on the one part, and the desperate danger of forsaking the way of true Religion, and the breach of our Covenant with God on the other, But to represent our case, and present our Supplications to the Lords of Secret Counsell, That beeing equally pondered by Them, They might either bee answered by themselves, or by their recommendation might ascend to His Majesties owne consideration. And there-

fore in all humble manner Wee did to this effect suppli-

cate their L. We were most willing for the modest fol-

lowing of our supplications, to obey their direction in

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chooling Comissionars for the great number of supplicants, who slocked together from all quarters of the kingdome, Were carefull to order our selves in all Christian and quyet carriage, and against the tediousnesse of many & long delayes did waite for a long time with veric great patience, till at last They were pleased to receive our Supplications, Complaints and Billes: And conceiving them to contain weightier maters than could by themselves bee determined, They did promise, and undertake to represent and recommend the same, according to their more than ordinarie importance, unto His Majesties royall consideration, and to report His Majesties answere.

While His Majesties good Subjects of all ranks throghout the whole kingdome had their minds wakened, and their hearts filled with the expectation of a gratious and satisfactorie answere, worthie of His Majestics pious and equitable disposition; in the Moneth of February last, incontinent a rumour flyeth through the Countrie, & filleth alleages, That the Lords of His Majesties secret Counsell were commanded to make such a Proclamation concerning the Service booke, booke of canons, and the peaceable meetings of His Majesties good Subjects. intime comming, As Wee were perswaded to have been procured by the fecret working, and malignant mif-information of our adversaries, Seeking for their own private ends, without respect to his Majesties honour, and welfare of this Kirk and Kingdome, To stop the course of our legall proceedings, and to escape their owne due censure. And therfore intending to make known to the Lords of secret Counsell what was noysed concerning the Proclamation, How far the whole Kingdome had been by some sinistrous misinformation frustrat of their hopes Inlij 4. 1638.

hopes, and their constant desire to have some course talken by their Lo. advise, How his Majestie being surther informed, might deliver his good Subjects from so great grievances and seares, and establish a sure peace in this countrie for time to come: Wee found our selves tyed by order of Law to decline those against whom Wee had made our complaint, unlesse Wee would admit our parties to be our Judges: And incase our declinatour should not be accepted, Wee behoved to protest that we might have immediat recourse to the King Himself, &c.

THEREAFTER in the Moneth of March, finding that by the foresaid Proclamation the innovations supplicated against were approven, Our lawfull proceedings condemned, Our most necessary meetings probibis ted, There being no other way left unto Vs, Wee were necessitate to renew the nationall Covenant of this Kirk and Kingdome, Thereby to reconcile us to God, provoked to wrath against Us, by the breach of his Covenant within this Land, to cleare Our Soveraignes minde from all jealousies and suspitions arising from our adverfaries mif-information of our intentions and carriage: And so to make way for His acceptance of our humble. supplications, and grant of their lawfull remedies, to guard this land in defence of Religion, authoritie and liherry, against inward divisions, and externall violences. And that cur actions might be answereble to our holy profession, Wecasterward drew apan humble supplication, containing our grievances, and desires of the ordipary remedies thereof, to have beene delivered to the King himself, In the meane time wee were directed by those who were intrusted by His Majestie, to attend His declaration heere in Scotland which would free Vs of all feares of innovations of religion, and prove fatisfacto-

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rie: And least for want of true information of our just grievances and defires it should fall out otherwise, Wee expressed to them with the greatest modestic Wee could our desires in some few articles, and with great patience have attended His Majesties pleasure thereanent, And all this Moneth by gone being frequently conveened to heare the same delivered by his Majesties Commissionar the right Noble and potent Lord IAMFS Marques of Hamilton, &c. We presented a new petition to his Grace as his Majesties Commissionar, craving most humbly the indiction of a free Assembly & Parliament, as the only remedies thereof. Like as finding a mis-information, or mistake of our Covenant with God, as if it had beene an unlawfull combination to be the maine hinderance of obteining our desires, in a new supplication: Wee have fully removed that impediment, renewed our defires of those supreme judicatories, to bee indicted with diligence, for setling of the Kirkand Kingdome: But being answered only with delayes after these nine Moneths attendance, and with this Proclamation that conteined his Majesties gratious declaration of his pious intentions, not to admit of any innovations in Religion or Law, nor any staine of popish superstition: But on the contrare, to be resolved to maintaine the true Christian Religion professed in this Kingdome, which Wee were ever so far from calling in question, as in our supplications, complaints and billes Wee used the same, as one cause of our defires, one ground of our confidence of a gratious answere & argument of our adversaries malignant misinfor mation of so relgious a King. And now most humbly with bended knees, and bowed hearts thanke our gratious Soveraigne for the same, Wishing and praying the Lord of Heaventruely and fully to informe his Majestie how

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how farthese books, judicatories and all our other evils and grievances are full of idolatrous superstitions, and Popish errours, How destructive of the reformation of religion in this Land, and of the Lawes and liberties of this Church and Kingdome: And so directly contrare to this his M. jesties pious intention and declaration.

Yet seeing that no Proclamation could sufficiently remoue the present evils, Nor settle our feares, nor secure us from the re-entrie of any evill or Innovation, which it feemed to discharge or prevent the like in time coming, nor fatisfie our humble fupplications, craving the present indiction of a free Assembly and Parliament, As the only remedies of our evils, and meanes to prevent the like. AND feing this Proclamation doeth not for much as make mention, or acknowledge any of Our Suppplications, Complaints and grievances, or any just cause therof: Except under the name of great increase of disorders, faults, and mis-demanours, But only our feares of tome future innovation of Religion or Lawes, Occafioned only as is pretended by the introduction of the Service book, booke of Canons, and high Commission, which feares his Majestie hoped to have beene aboundantly and sufficiently satisfied by his two former Proclamations of the Nynth of December, and nyneteenth of Februar. And by this his present declaration, Except his Subjects be blindly under pretext of Religion led unto dissobedience. Doth misken, passe over, and so in effect deny all our supplications, billes, articles, and defires, Especially our complaints against the Prelates our parties. And that once for all, in a fair and perswafive way, even after the relaite of our last supplication, Clearing us from the calumnie of unlawfull combination. DOE IH not disfallow, nor discharge any of the in-JAWY CS. novations,

novations, andevills complained upon, But only affureth that His Majestie will not presse their practise, but in such a faire and legall way, as shall satisfie his Subjects of his intentio, Which joyned with the other clause, allowing and confirming the Proclamation the Nyne. teenth of Februar, Evidenceth the libertie left to any Prelate or Persons to practise the same, And by all other faire wayes, to perswade others thereunto: And his Majesties resolution, to presse their practise in a faire and legall way: And also confirmeth the former declaration, That the Service Booke is a ready meane to maintaine thetrue Religion, already professed, and to beate out all Superstition, and no wayes to bee contrare to the Lawes of this Kingdome, But to bee compyled and approved for the universall use and edification of all his Majesties Subjects. Doeth not abolish, but promiseth to reclifie the high Commission, with advise of his privie Counfell, Implying the Kings power, With consent of the Counsell, To establish this or any judicatory within this Kingdome, without consent of the three estates conveened in Parliament, contrary to the fundamentall and expresse lawes thereof; and by consequent, with the like reason, to establish lawes and Service bookes, without consent of the Assembly and Parliament, Which is contrare to the maine ground of all our supplications, against the manner of their introduction. Doeth only promise to take into His consideration in an Assembly and Parliament, which shall bee called at His best convenience, While as the evident and urgent necessitie, for settling the combustions, threatning the totall dissolution and de solation of this Church & State, Excuseth our uncessant and importune calling for these present remédies. Doeth infinuat the continuance and execution of any pretended lawes,

lawes, forthele innovations of worship, and corruptions of Church governement, and civill places of Church men, Which by our Covenant, Wee have obliged our felves to forbeare, and the reestablishment of these evils in an Assembly and Parliament, which he will call in his best convenience, To wit, for that & this other end of satissieng His Subjects judgments, anent the Service book & book of Canons. Deth condemne all our former proceedings, even our supplicating, complaining, protesting, Subscribing of our Covenant together, & our continuall meetings, As great disorders, increase of disorders deserv ing justly a powerfull rather than a persuasive way, a running headlong into ruine, a perishing in our faults, a blind disobedience under pretext of religion, & doth threaten and denounce, Now once for all, If we be not heartily fatisfied, and give tellimony of our obedience after this declaration, Bur continue, as by our former proceedings, to draw on our own ruine, that albeit unwillingly he must make use of that power which God hath indued him with, for reclaming of so disobedient people.

Who will adhere to the Confession of Faith, and reformation of Religion within this Land, are forced and
compelled out of our bound duetie to God, our King, na
tive Countrie, our selves and our posteritie. (lest our silence should be prejudiciall to so important a cause, As
concerns Gods glory and worship, our Religion and salvation, the lawes and liberties of this Church and King
dome, or derogatorie to our former supplications, complaints, protestations, articles and proceedings. Or unanswerable to the solemne oath of our nationall Covenant
with God) To declare before God and man, And to protest, Primo, That we doe, and will constantly adhere ac =

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cording to our vocation and power to the faid reformation. In doctrine, use of Sacraments and discipline; And that notwithstanding of any innovations introduced therein: either of old, or of late. Secundo, We protest that we adhere to the grievances, supplications, and protestations given in at Assemblies and Parliaments, and to our lait supplications, complaints, protestations, & other law full proceedings against the same, & particularly against the Service book, and booke of Canons, As maine innovations of Religion and lawes, & full of Popish superstition, and so directly contrare to the Kings declaration, And against the high Commission, as a judicatorie established contrare to the Lawes & liberties of this Church and kingdome, and destructive of other lawfull judicatories, which both in respect of the nature of it, and manner of introduction, without confent of the three Estates of Parliament, cannot be any wayes rectified, but absolutely discharged: Tertio, We protest that We adhere with Our hearts to our oath and subscription of the Confession of Faith, the solemne Covenant betweene God, this Church & kingdome, and the clauses particularly therein expressed, & generally contained, and to our last articles for the peace of this Kirk and kingdome, drawne out of it, and to all the matters therein conteined, & manner of remedy therein desired. Quarto, Wee protest, that this Proclamation or act of Counsell, or any other act or proclamation or declaration, or ratification thereof, By subscription or act, or letter, or any other manner of way whatfoever or any precondemnation of our cause or carriage, before the same be lawfully heard and tryed in the supreme judicatories of this Kirk & kingdome, the only proper judges to nationall causes and proceedings, or any certification or threatning therein denunced, shall no wayes be prejudiciall to the confession of Faith, lawes. and

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& liberties of this kingdome, nor to our supplications, complaints, protestations, articles, lawfull meetings, proceedings, persutes, mutuall defences, nor to our persons and Estates, and shall no wayes bee disgracefull either in realitie or opinion, at home or abrod, to Vs or any of Vs: But on the contrare, that any act or letter, or subscription of the Counfell, carying the approbation of the declaration, & condemnation of our proceedings, indicta caufa, is, and ought to be repute and esteemed unjust, illegall, and null, as heere before God and man Wee offer to cleare, & to verifie both the justice of our cause and carriage, & the injustice of such acts against Vs, in the face of the first general! Assembly of the Church and Parliament of the Estates, unto whom with all solemnities requisite We do publictly appeale. Quinto, We protest, that seeing our former supplications, last articles, & our last desire and petition to His Majesties Commissionar, which petitioned for the present indiction of a free general Assembly & Parliament, According to the law & custome of all nations, & of this nation in the like case, To heare the de = fires, ease the grievances, & settle the feares of the body of the Church and kingdome, are thus delayed, and in effect refused, Towit, Once for all, till his Majesties conveniency for the end contained in this Proclamation, that We continue by thir presents to supplicat his Majestie againe and againe, for the granting of the same: And what soever trouble or inconvenience fall out in this land in the meane time, for want of these ordinarie remedies, & by the practise of any of these innovations & evils, contrare to our supplications, articles, & confession, it be not imputed unto Vs, who most humbly beg these lawfull remedies, But also that it is ,and shall be lawfull unto Vs, to defend and maintaine the religion, lawes and liberties of this kingdome, the Kings Authority in defence thereof, & every one of Vs one another in that cause, of maintaining the religion, and the Kings for

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faid Authority, according to our power, vocation and Covenant, with our best counsell, bodies, lives, meanes, and whole strength, against all persons whatsoever, & against all externall or internall invasions menaced in this Proclamation. Like as that in the great exigencie of the Church, necessitating the use of this ordinarie & lawfull remedies, for fetling the commotions thereof, it is & shall be leasome unto Vs to appoint, hold and use the ordinarie meanes, our lawfull meetings & Assemblies of the Church agreeable to the Law of God, & practife of the primitive Church, the acts of the generall Assemblies, & Parliaments, and the example of our Worthie Reformers in the like case. Sexto, Wee protest, that our former Supplications, Complaints, Protestations, Confessions, meetings, proceedings and mutuall defences, of every one another in this Cause, As they are, and were in themselves most necessare, & orderly meanes agreeable to the lawes and practife of this Church and kingdome, to bee commended as reall dueties of faithfull Christians, loyall Subjects, & sensible members of the body of the Church and kingdome, and no wife to bee styled nor accounted great dissorders, misdemanours, blind disobedience under pretext of Religion & running headlong into ruine&c. So they proceeded only from conscience of our duetie to God, our King, native country, & our posterity, and doth Tend to no other end, But to the preservation of the true reformed Religion, the confession of Faith, lawes, & liberties of this His Majesties most antient kingdome, and ofhis Majesties authoritie in defence thereof, & satis-faction of our humble desires, contained in our Supplications, Complaints & articles, Vnto the which wee adhere againe and againe, As wee would eschew the curse of the Almighty God, following the breach of his Covenant: And yet wee doe certainly expect according to the Kings Majettie his accustomed goodnesse, and justice, that His facted Majestic Iulij. 4. 1633.

iesty after a true information of the justice of our cause and carriage, Will presently indict these ordinare remedies of a free Assembly and parliament to our just supplications, complaints, and articles, which may be expected, and useth to be granted from so inst and gratious a King, towards most loyall and duetifull Subjects, calling for redresse of so pressing grievances, And praying heartily that his Majesty may long and prosperously reigne over Vs.

VV Hereupon a Noble Earle, 10hn Earle of Cassles, &c. in name of the Noblemen, Master Alexander Gibson younger of Durie, in name of the Barrons, Fletcher, Provest of Dundie, in name of the Borrowes, Master Iohn Ker Minister at Salt-Prestoun, in name of the Ministers, and Master Archbald Iohnston, Reader heereof, in name of all who adheres to the Confession of Faith, & Covenant, lately renewed within this Kingdome, Tooke Instruments in the hands of three Notars present, at the said mercat crosse of Edinburgh, beeing invironed with great Numbers of the foresaid Noblemen, Barons, Gentlemen, Borrows, Ministers & Commons, Before many Hundred witnesses; and craved the extract thereof: And in token of their dutifull respect to his Majestie, confidence of the equitie of their cause and innocencie of their carriage, and hope of his Majesties gratious acceptance, They offred in all humilitie, with submisse reverence, a Copie thereof to the Herauld.

FINIS.